- (1) Advise and make recommendations to commanders on matters concerning the elimination of crime or other conditions which may negatively affect the health, safety, morals, welfare, morale, or discipline of Armed Forces personnel.
- (2) Insure the establishment and maintenance of the highest degree of liaison and coordination between military commands and appropriate civil authorities.
- (b) Where installations of two or more military Services are located or which are frequented by personnel of two or more Services, there will be joint Service participation in any AFDCB. In such cases, the commander of the Service with the greatest number of troops will serve as the "sponsoring commander" of the board. When there is joint participation in AFDCBs, written agreements will be executed by the respective Service installation commanders. These agreements will designate the sponsoring commander and delineate the joint Service participation.

§631.6 Responsibilities.

- (a) Major Army commanders, Navy commanders, Marine Corps commanders, Air Force commanders, and Coast Guard commanders will—
- (1) Monitor the establishment of and participation in AFDCBs by subordinate commands
- (2) Encourage subordinate commanders to participate in joint Service boards where appropriate.
- (3) Resolve differences among subordinate commanders in regard to board areas of responsibility and the designation of sponsoring commanders.
- (4) Evaluate board recommendations and actions from subordinate sponsoring commanders.
- (5) Forward to HQDA (DAPE-HRE), WASH, DC 20310, reports that require Service headquarters action to accomplish the following:
- (i) Correct situations which would adversely affect the health, safety, morals, welfare, morale, or discipline of Armed Forces personnel.
- (ii) Surface positive programs having widespread applicability.
- (6) Insure procedures are established to notify the responsible individuals to

- insure that off-limits restrictions are made known and applicable to all Armed Forces personnel who may frequent the area in question. These would be off-limits restrictions approved and so declared by subordinate sponsoring commanders.
- (7) Insure that subordinate commanders assess the availability of drug abuse paraphernalia in the vicinity of installations through their AFDCBs in accordance with DOD Directive 1010.4, Alcohol and Drug Abuse by DOD Personnel. Drug abuse paraphernalia is defined as all equipment, products, and materials of any kind that are used, intended for use, or designed for use, in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, harvesting, manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, processing, preparing, testing, analyzing, packaging, repackaging, storing, containing, concealing, injecting, ingesting, inhaling, or otherwise introducing into the human body a controlled substance in violation of the Controlled Substances Act.
- (b) In each AFDCB area, the commander of the installation with the largest base population will be designated the AFDCB sponsoring commanders. Sponsoring commanders will provide administrative support, as shown below, for the AFDCB programs.
- (1) Promulgate implementing directives and call meetings of the board.
- (2) Provide a recorder for the board.
- (3) Provide copies of the minutes of the meetings of the board to—
- (i) Other Service commanders who provide board representatives.
 - (ii) BUPERS (for Navy only).
 - (iii) Other AFDCBs as appropriate.
- (4) Approve or disapprove the minutes and recommendations of the board and make appropriate distribution, as required.
- (5) Publish lists of "off-limits" establishments and areas.
- (6) Insure notification to the responsible individuals of any unfavorable actions being contemplated or taken regarding their establishments in accordance with appendix B.
- (7) Distribute all pertinent information to the following:
- (i) All units within their jurisdictional area.

§631.7

- (ii) Units stationed in other areas whose personnel frequently visit their jurisdictional area.
- (c) (For Army only). Commanders of Army installations depicted in Map 18, AR 5–9, are responsible for coordinating activities of AFDCB in their areas. They may serve as sponsoring commanders or participate as members of Joint Service Boards. They may approve the establishment of separate AFDCB for Army installations within their area when it is in the best interest of the Army to do so. Changes in AFDCB areas of responsibility may be approved by MACOMs of installations concerned.
- (d) (For Army only). The Commander, US Army Health Services Command will—
- (1) Assure that subordinate commanders provide *one* of the following to sit as a member of each established board—
 - (i) A Medical Corps officer.
- (ii) A health and environment oriented Medical Service Corps (MSC) officer of the Army Medical Department (AMEDD).
- (2) Encourage subordinate commanders to—
- (i) Maintain liaison with other governmental and civilian health agencies to detect unsafe or unhealthy conditions within the geographic area of each supported board.
- (ii) Advise the board of conditions which adversely affect Armed Forces personnel.

§631.7 Composition of boards.

- (a) Each board shall, as a minimum, consist of representatives from the following functional areas:
 - (1) Law enforcement.
 - (2) Legal.
 - (3) Health and environment.
 - (4) Public affairs.
 - (5) Equal opportunity.
 - (6) Safety.
 - (7) Chaplains.
 - (8) Alcohol and drug abuse.
- (9) Personnel and community activities.
- (b) Sponsoring commanders will determine, by position, which board members will be designated as voting members. Such designations will be in-

- cluded in the written agreements establishing the boards.
- (c) Normally the sponsoring commander will designate a member of his staff as the board President.

§631.8 Civil agencies.

- (a) Civil agencies or individuals may be invited to board meetings as observers or witnesses in jurisdictions where they have knowledge of problems in the board's area of interest. These would be civil agencies or individuals concerned with law enforcement, public health, welfare, consumer affairs, and the safeguarding of morals.
- (b) Boards should be used to establish and maintain liaison between installations and civil agencies. A recommended method is to mail announcements and summaries of the results of board meetings to appropriate civil agencies. These agencies include, but are not limited to, those found in appendix A.

§631.9 Duties and functions of boards.

The AFDCBs will-

- (a) Meet in session as prescribed by the AFDCB Procedures Guide in appendix B.
- (b) Receive and take appropriate action on reports of conditions in their jurisdictional areas relating to any of the following:
 - (1) Lack of discipline.
 - (2) Prostitution.
 - (3) Venereal disease.
 - (4) Liquor violations.
- (5) Racial and other discriminatory practices.
 - (6) Alcohol and drug abuse.
 - (7) Drug abuse paraphernalia.
 - (8) Disorder.
 - (9) Illicit gambling.
- (10) Unfair commercial or consumer practices.
- (11) Other undesirable conditions that may adversely affect members of the military or their families.
- (c) Report the following to all major commanders in the board's area of jurisdiction:
- (1) Any conditions cited in paragraph (b) of this section.
- (2) The board's recommended action as approved by the board's sponsoring commander.